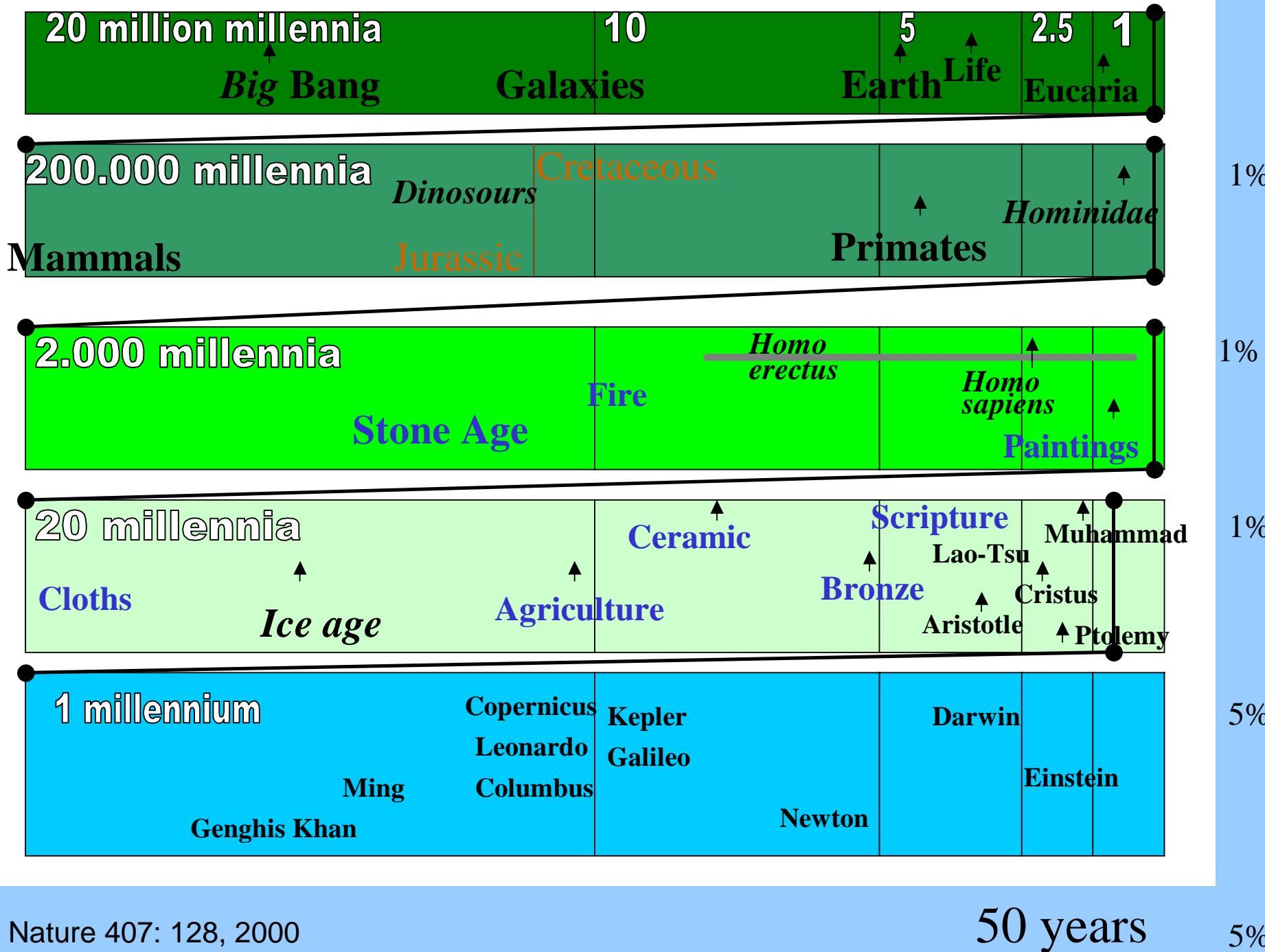


The evolutionary emergence of shame

Klaus Jaffé

*Universidad Simón Bolívar
Caracas, Venezuela*

Creación de las Aves : Remedios Varo



400

200

100

50

40

20

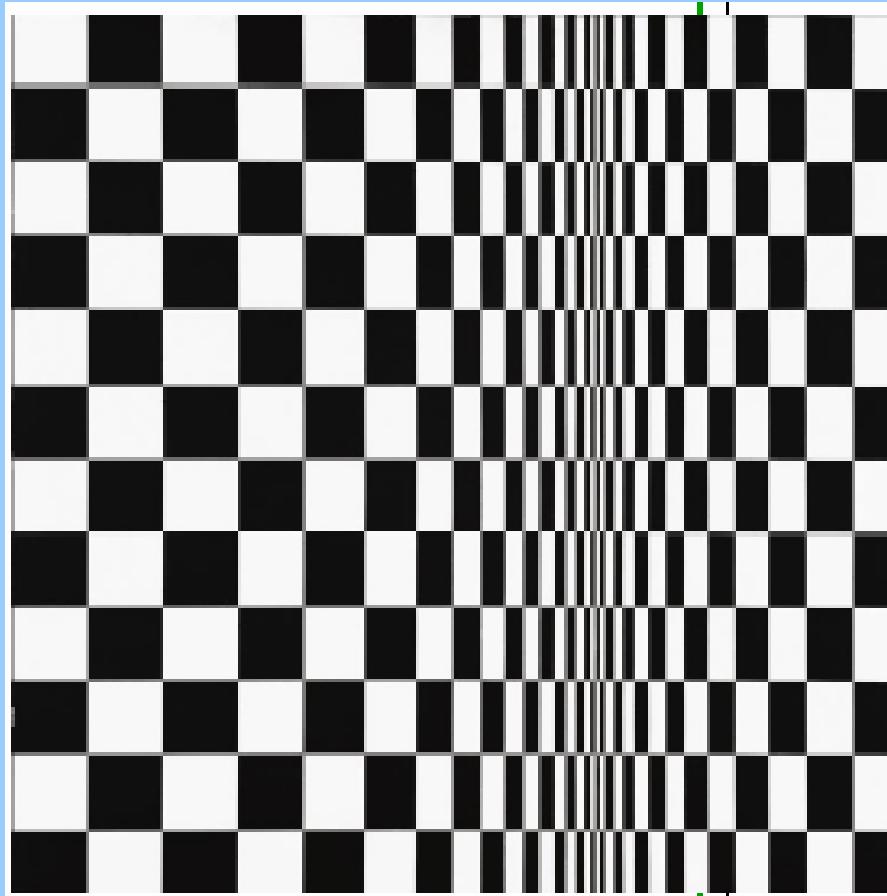
10

5

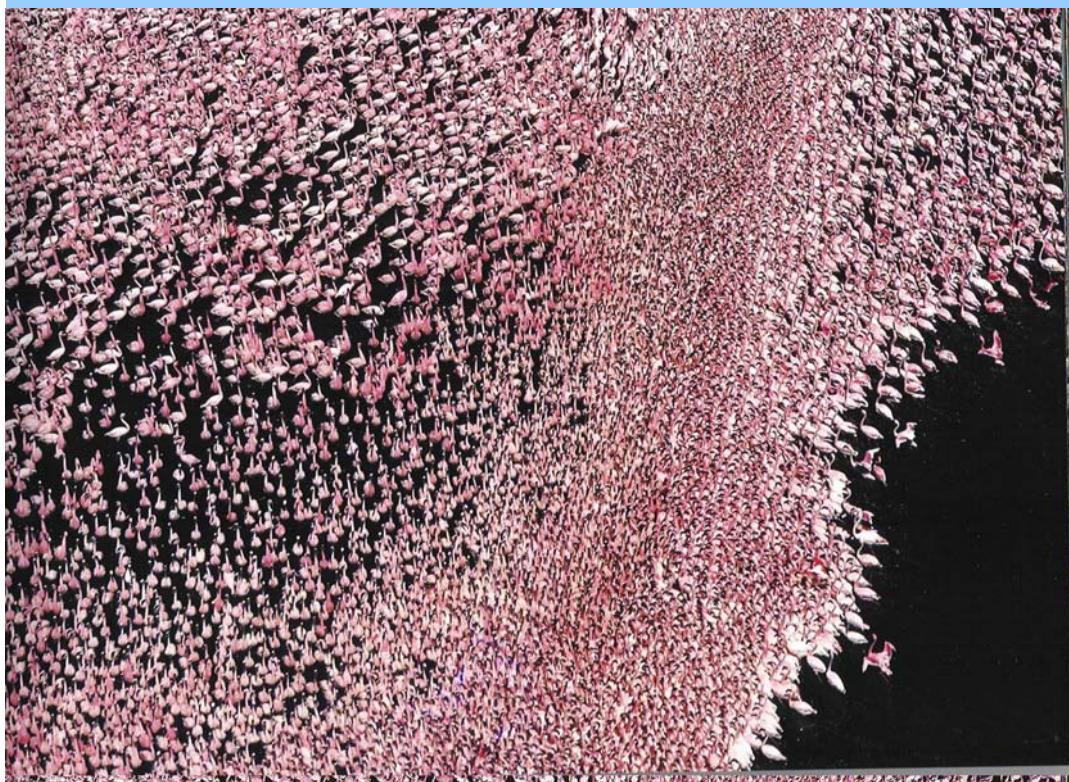
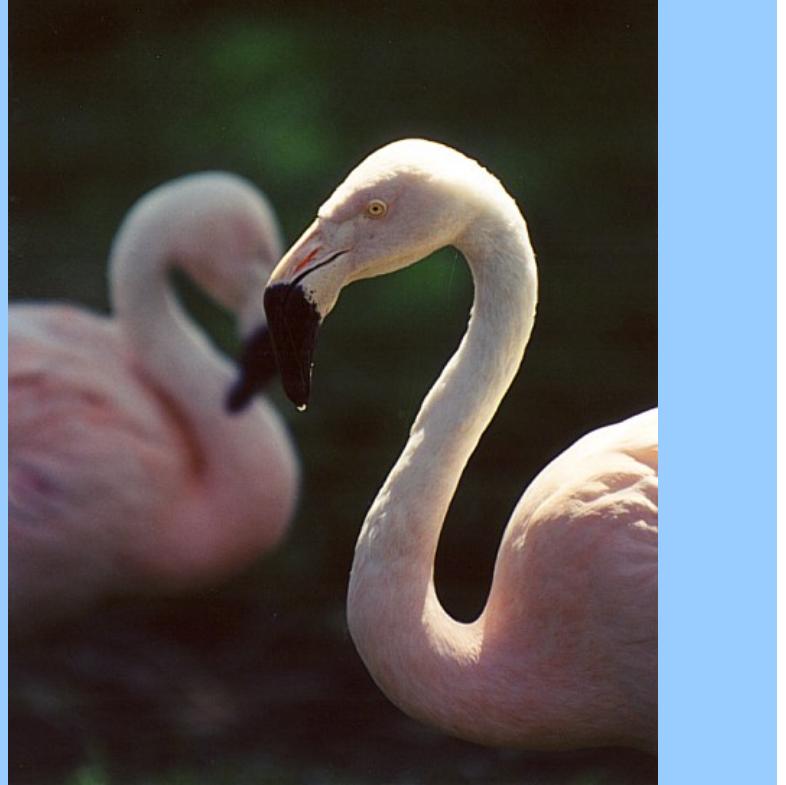
One year

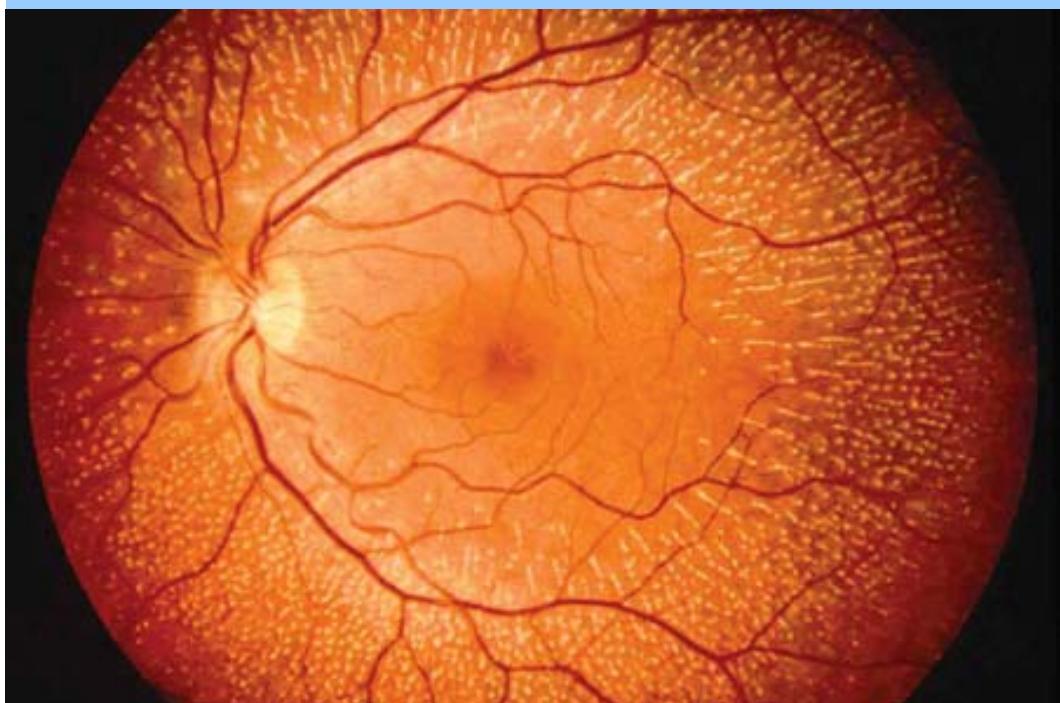


The spatial dimension



Bridget Riley (Nature 424: 133, 2003)





Trans-finitude



Rob Gonsalves

A constraint
for the evolution of
social phenomena is:

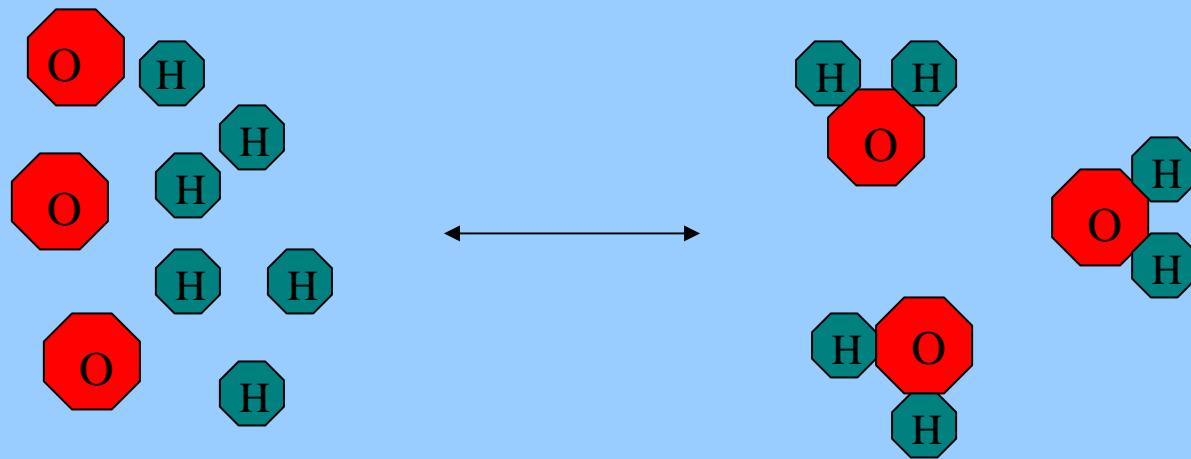
Entropy



Tikal, Guatemala 2001

The higher level properties of interactions
or of combinations of systems
are called

Emergent Properties



Dimensión temporal

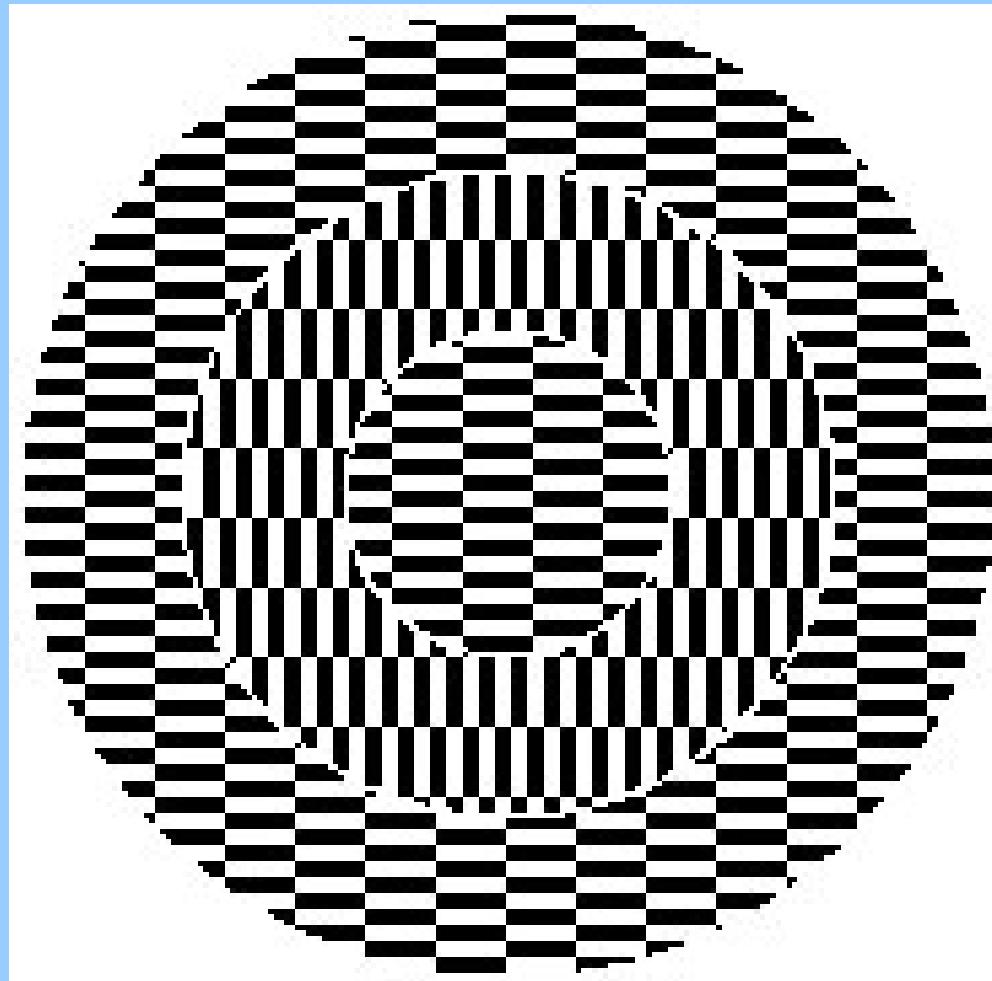


A dynamic process
for which our mind
has no representative abilities is:

Chaos

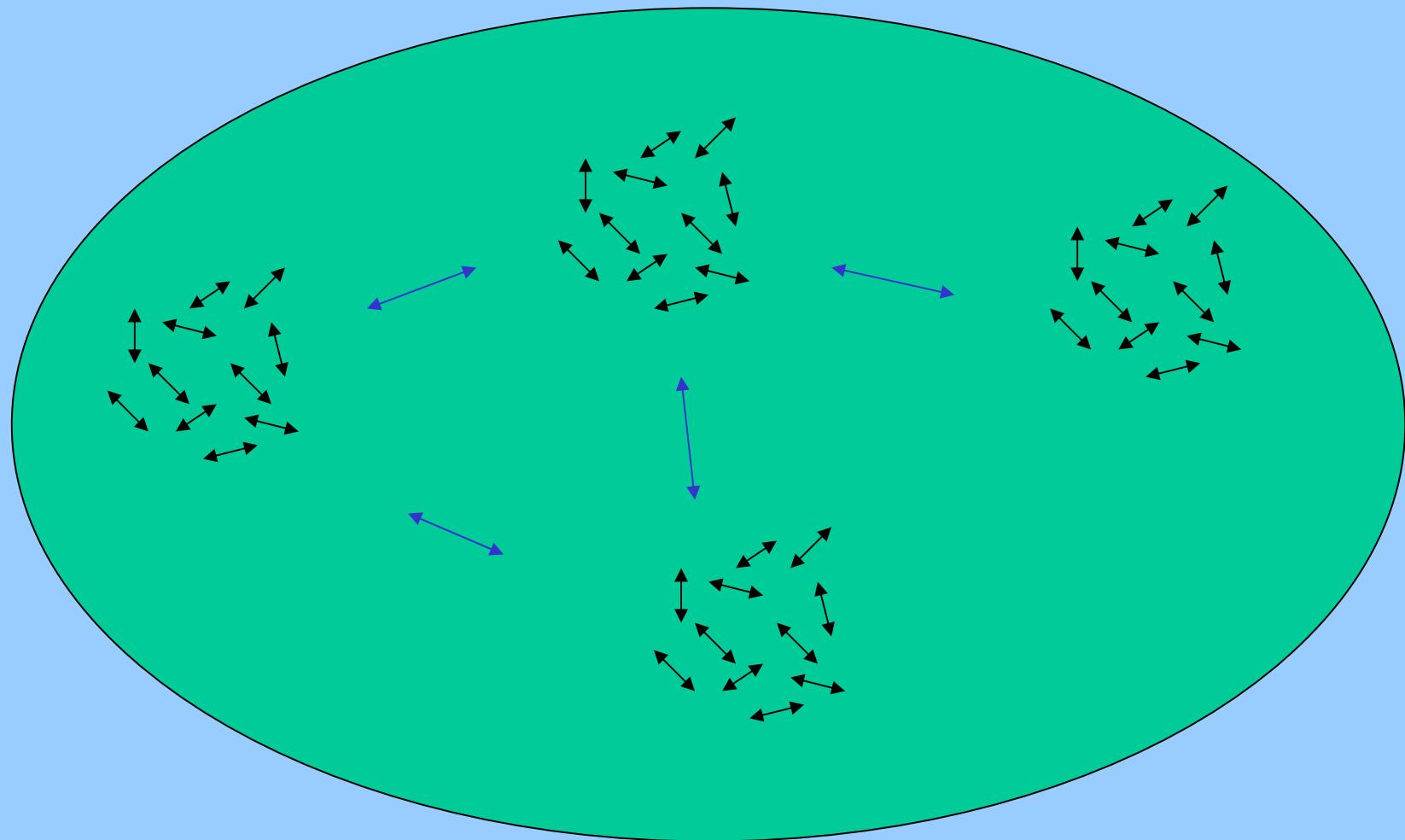


Atitlan, Guatemala 2001



Thank you for your attention
kjaffe@usb.ve

Gene, Gamete, Individual, Group, Species selection

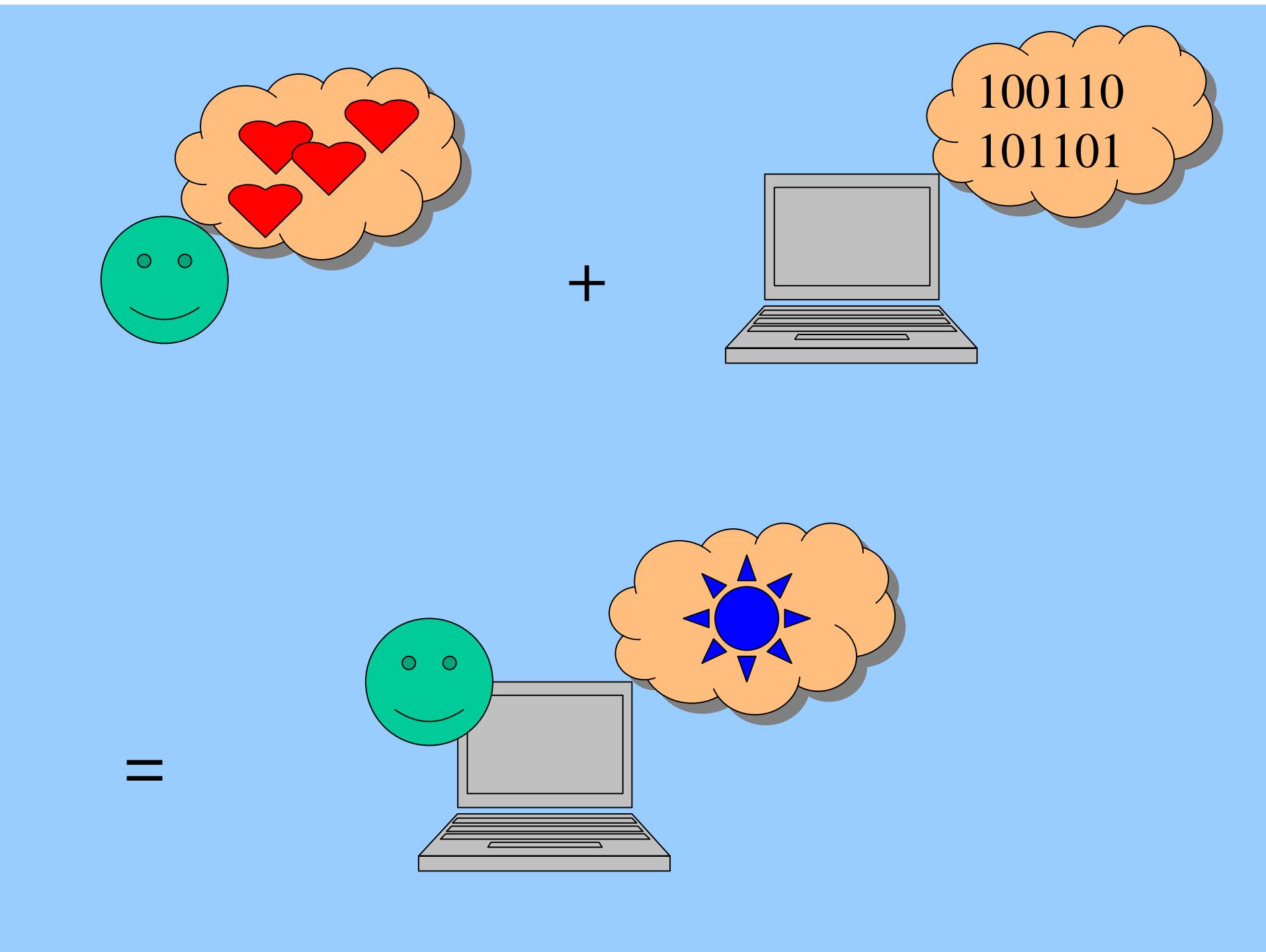


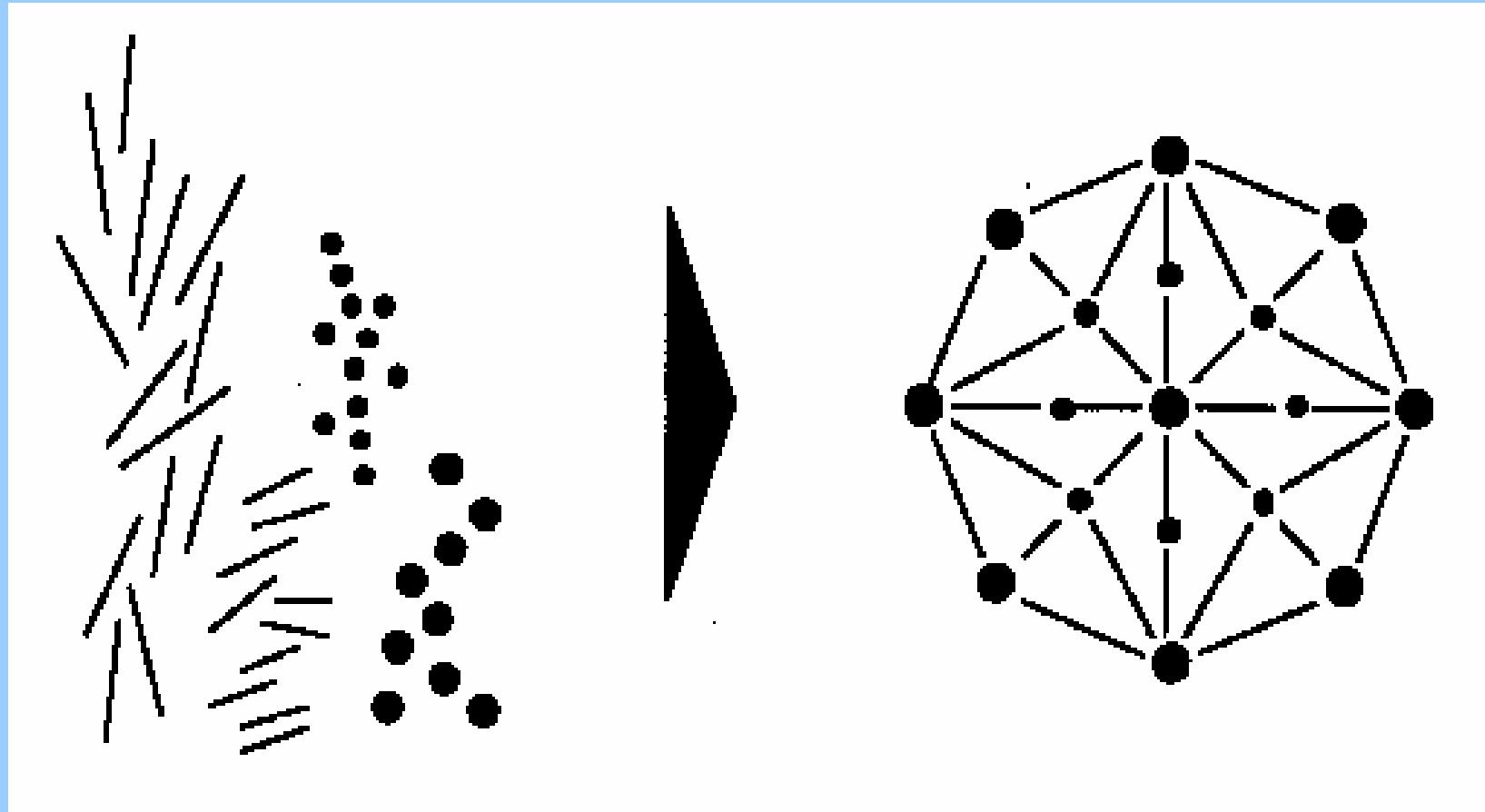
Evolution is about
the survival of the luckiest
rather than
the survival of the fittest

Chance & Necessity



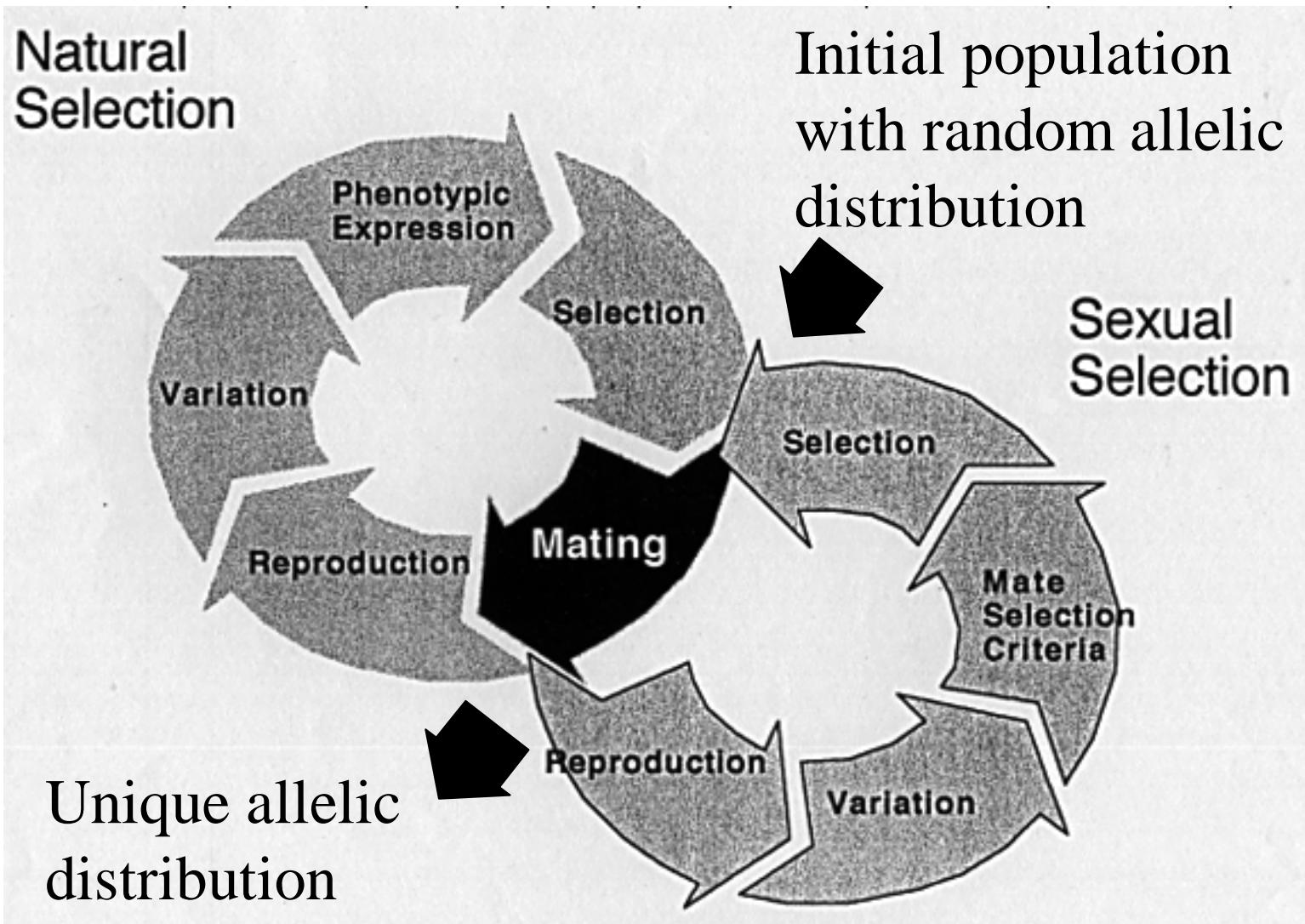
Antigua, Guatemala 2001





Biodynamica

<http://atta.labb.usb.ve/klaus/klaus.htm>



Synergy

$$\text{●} + \text{●} = \text{●} < 1$$

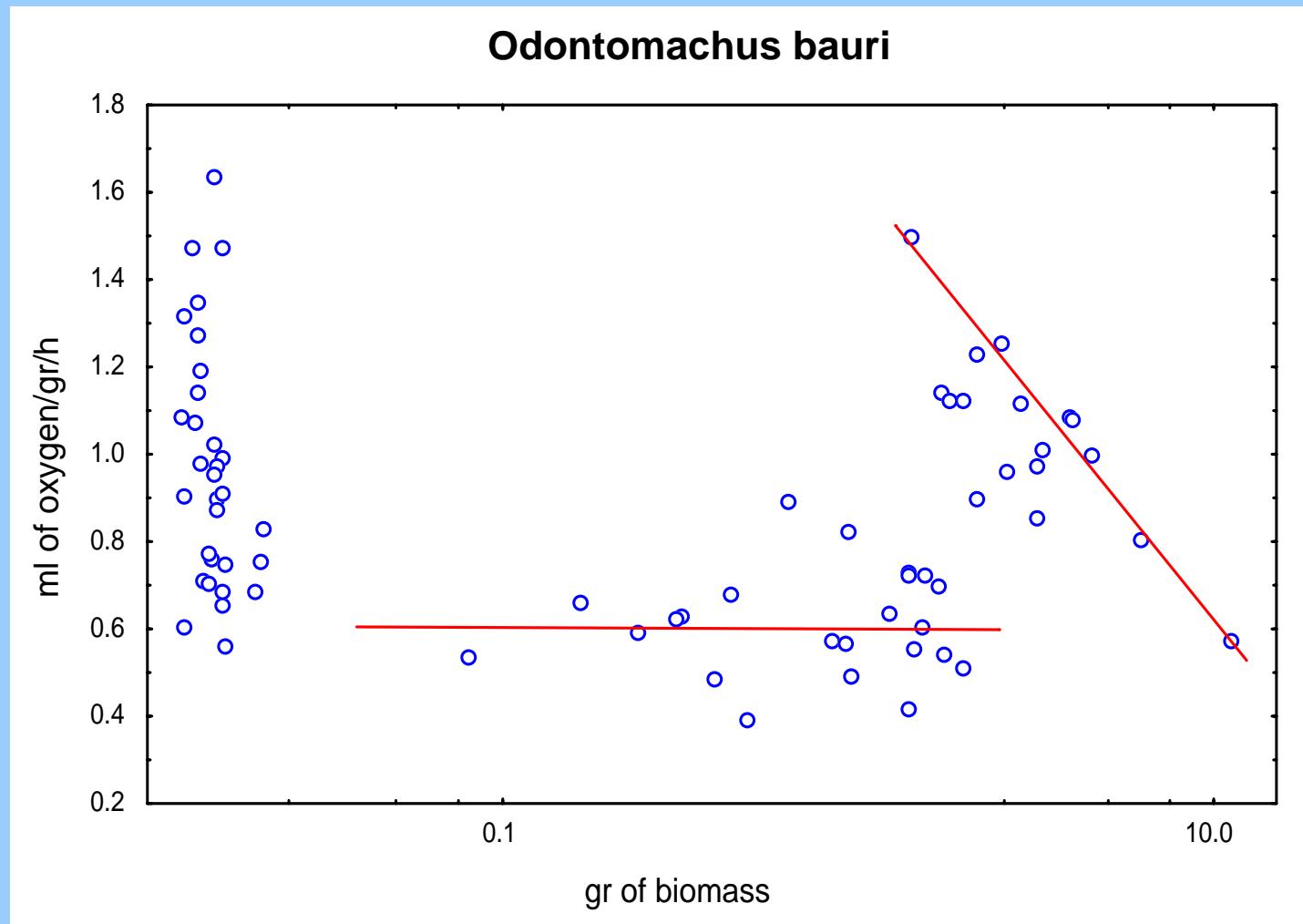
$$\text{●} + \text{●} = \text{●●} = 1$$

$$\text{●} + \text{●} = \text{●} > 1$$

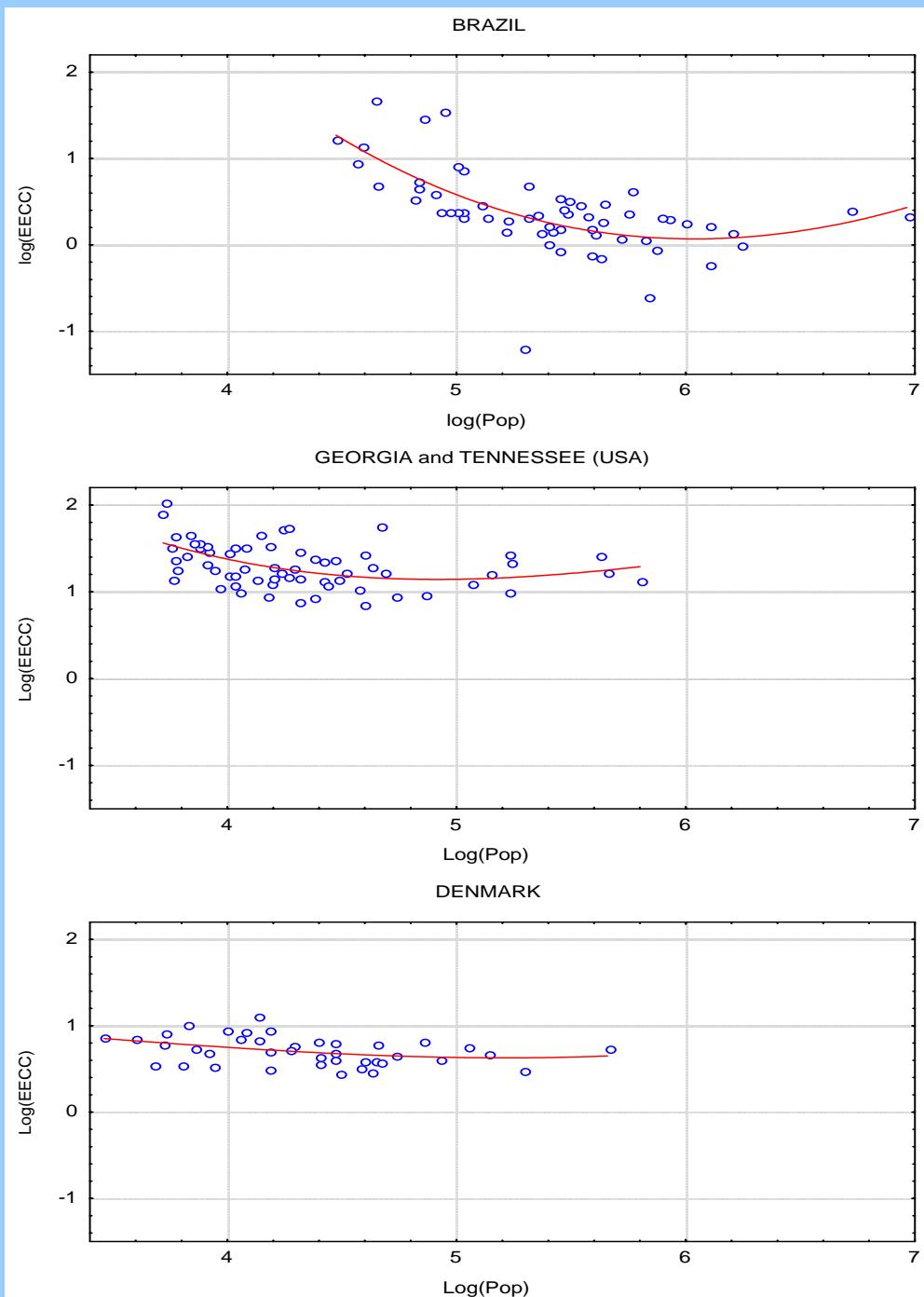


1/2

Antigua, Guatemala 2001

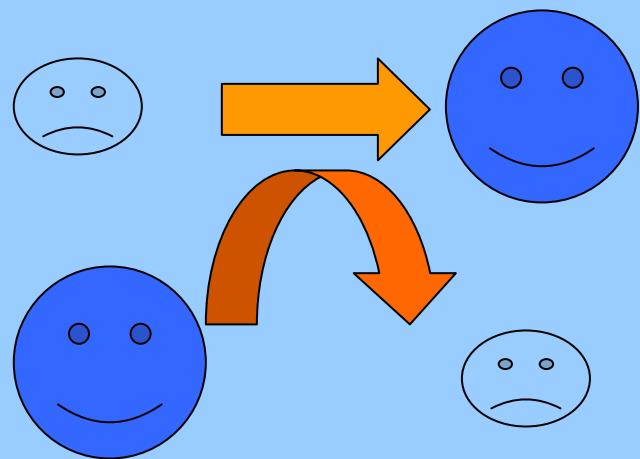


FONCK C and JAFFE K: On the energetic cost of sociality. *Physiology and Behavior*. 59: 713-719, 1996.

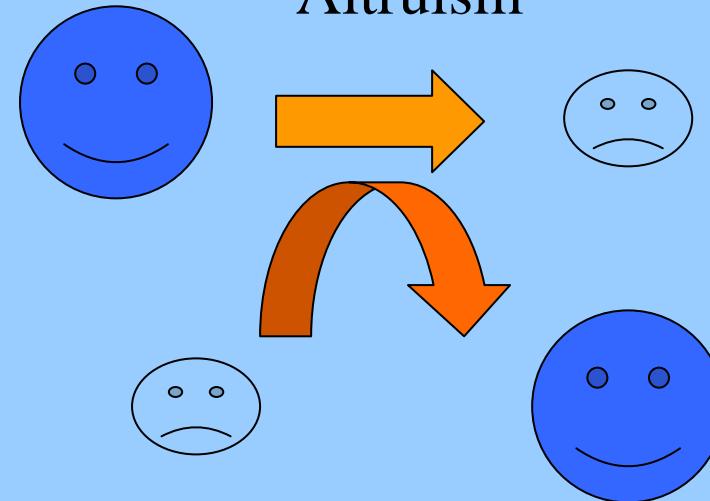


CABRERA S and JAFFE K
 On the energetic cost
 of human societies:
 energy consumption
 as an econometric index.
Interciencia 23: 350-354,
 1998

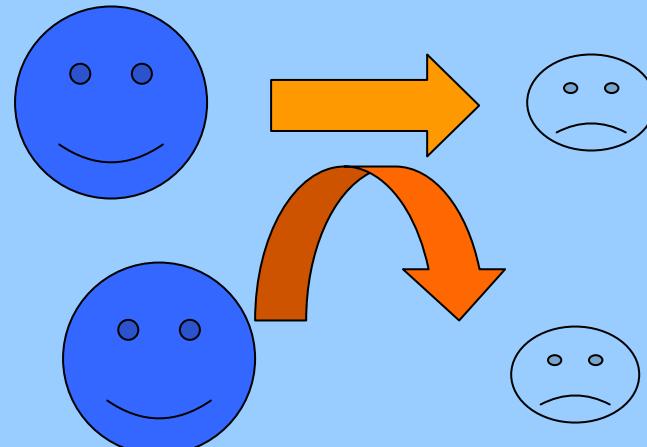
Exploitation or Parasitism



Altruism



Altruistic punishment



Action	Effect	Interaction	Benefits
Wise	$S > 0$ and $I > 0$	Social investment	Group and actor
Egoist	$S < 0$ and $I > 0$	Destructive egoism	Actor at a cost to group
Altruist	$S > 0$ and $I < 0$	True altruism	Group at a cost to actor
Stupid	$S < 0$ and $I < 0$	Destructive behavior	Neither group nor actor

*JASSS 2002
Acta Biotheor 2004*

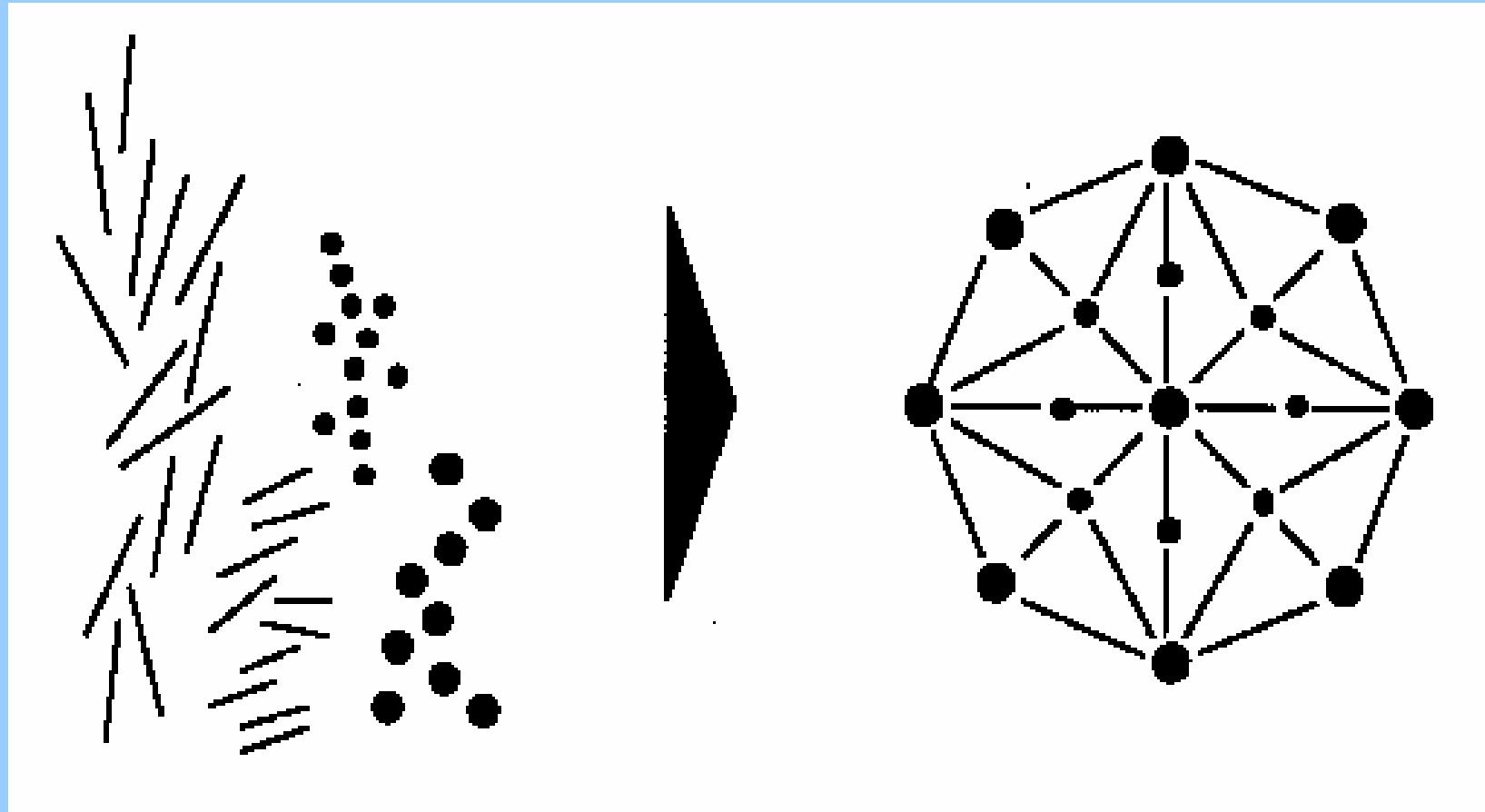


Atitlan, Guatemala 2001

Altruistic punishment

Fehr E. & S. Gächter 2002. Altruistic punishment in humans, *Nature* 415, 137 - 140.

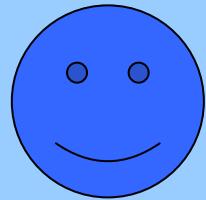
Rawlings EI.1968. Witnessing harm to other: a reassessment of the role of guilt
in altruistic behavior. J Pers Soc Psychol 10:377-80



**Is shame an
evolutionary stable strategy?**

Assessment of aggregate economic benefits of behavior

Sociodynamica



Rich and glut



Poor and glut



Rich and hungry



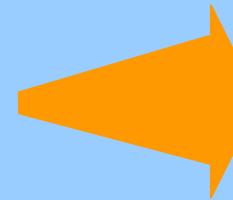
Poor and hungry



Efficient Donation

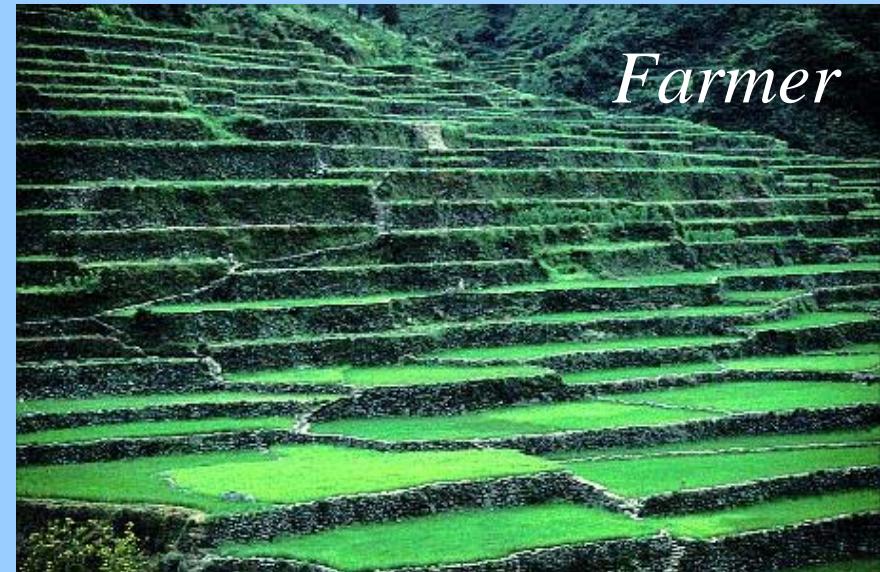
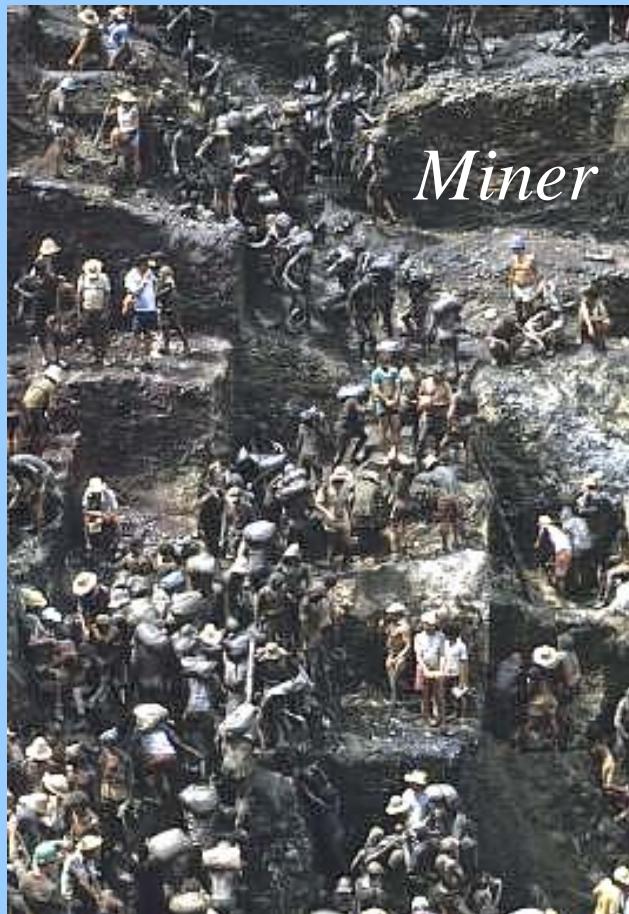


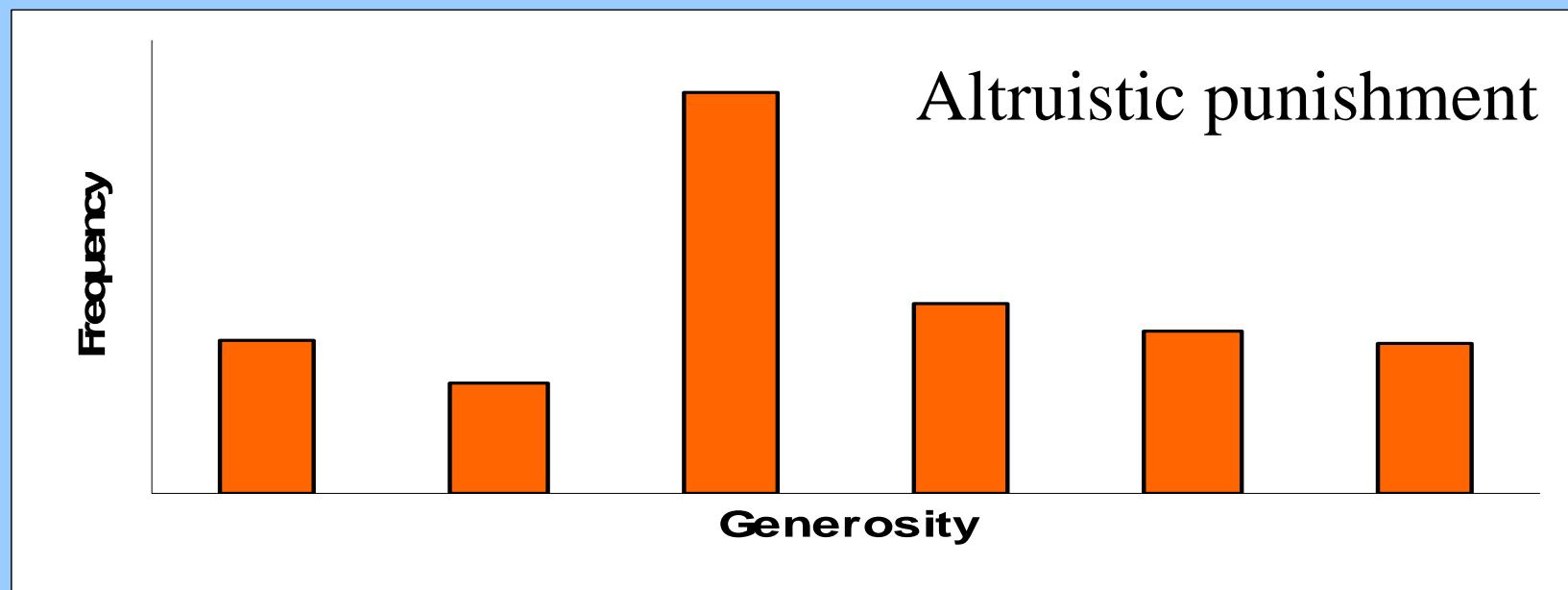
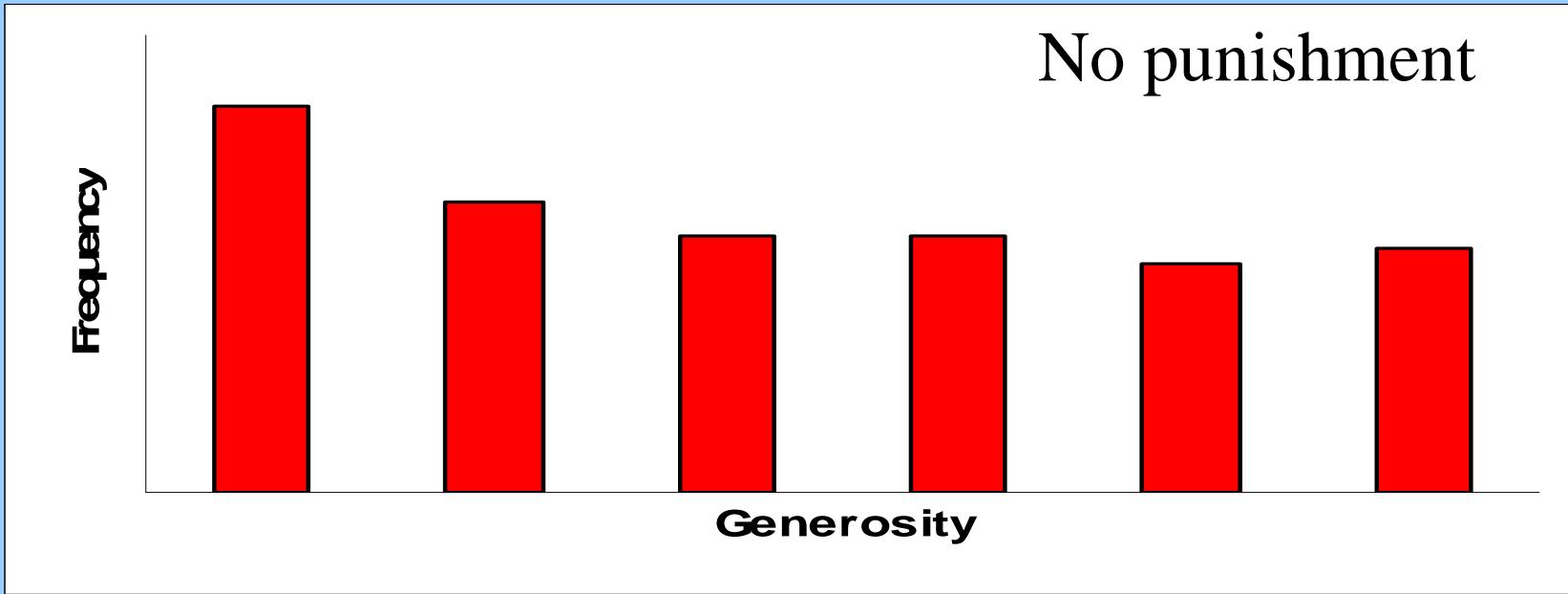
Dissipative Donation



Synergistic Donation

Division of labor





Effect of punishment on aggregate generosity

- 10 ts
- 25 ts
- 50 ts
- 100 ts

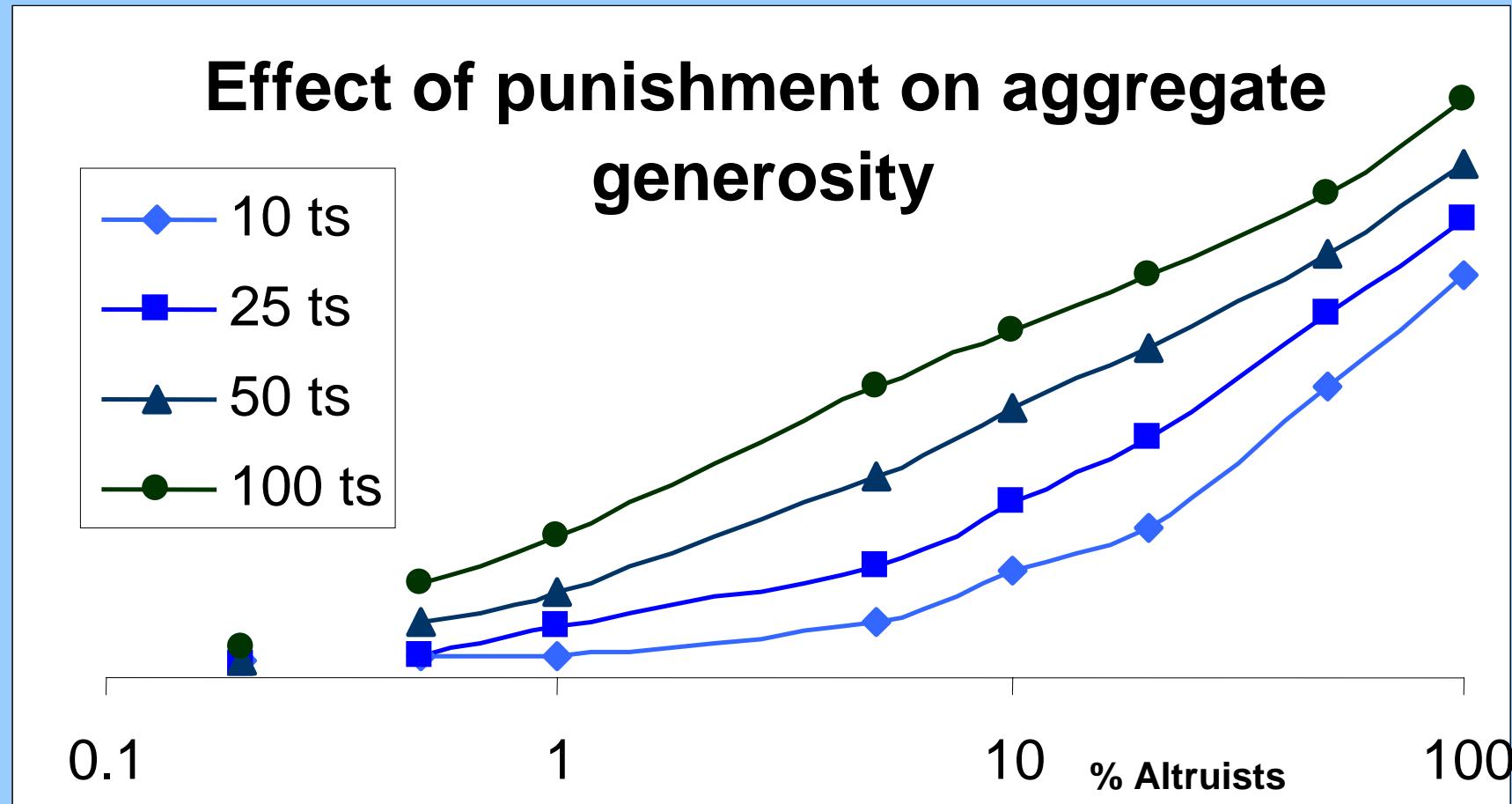
0.1

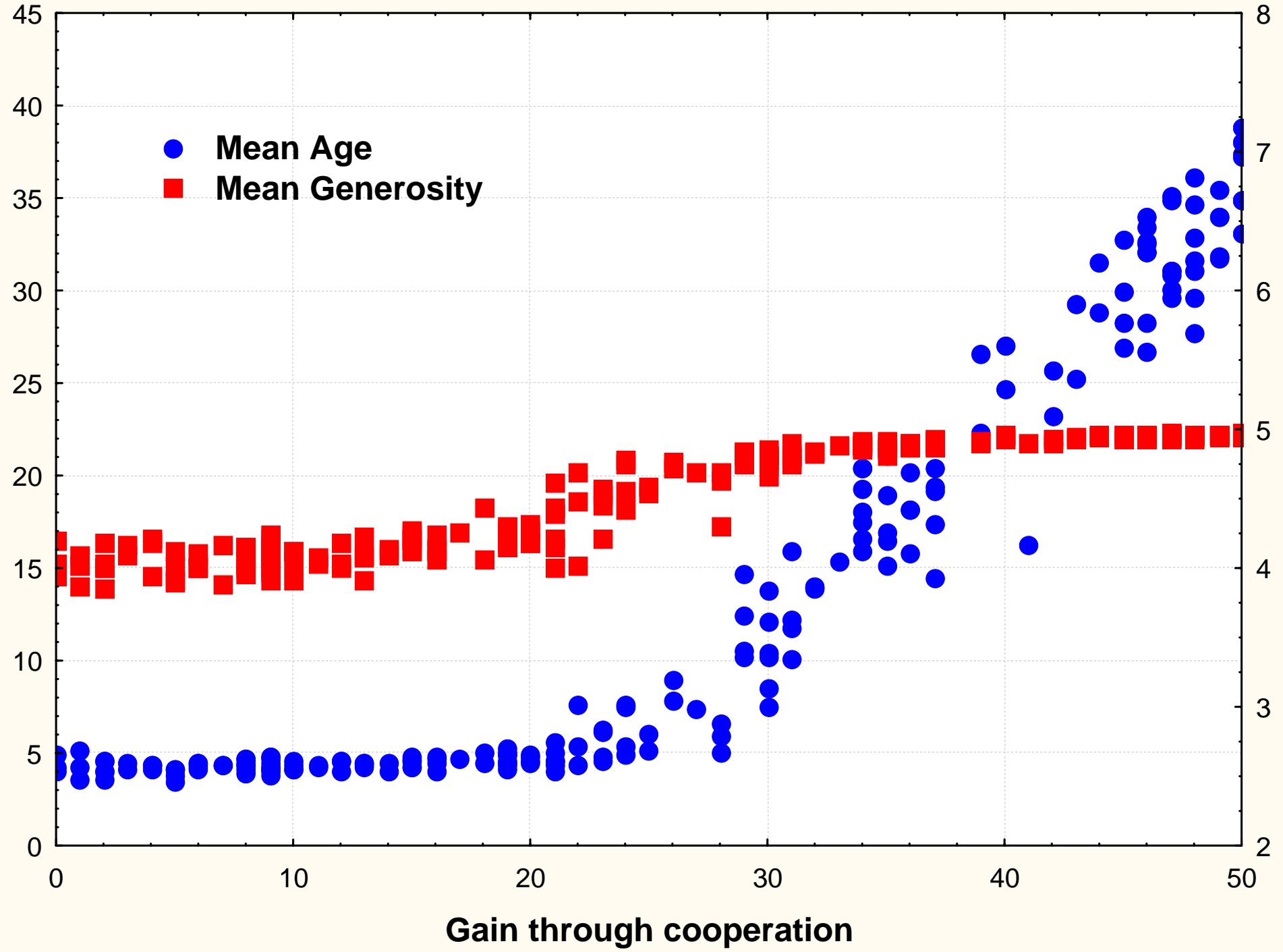
1

10

100

% Altruists

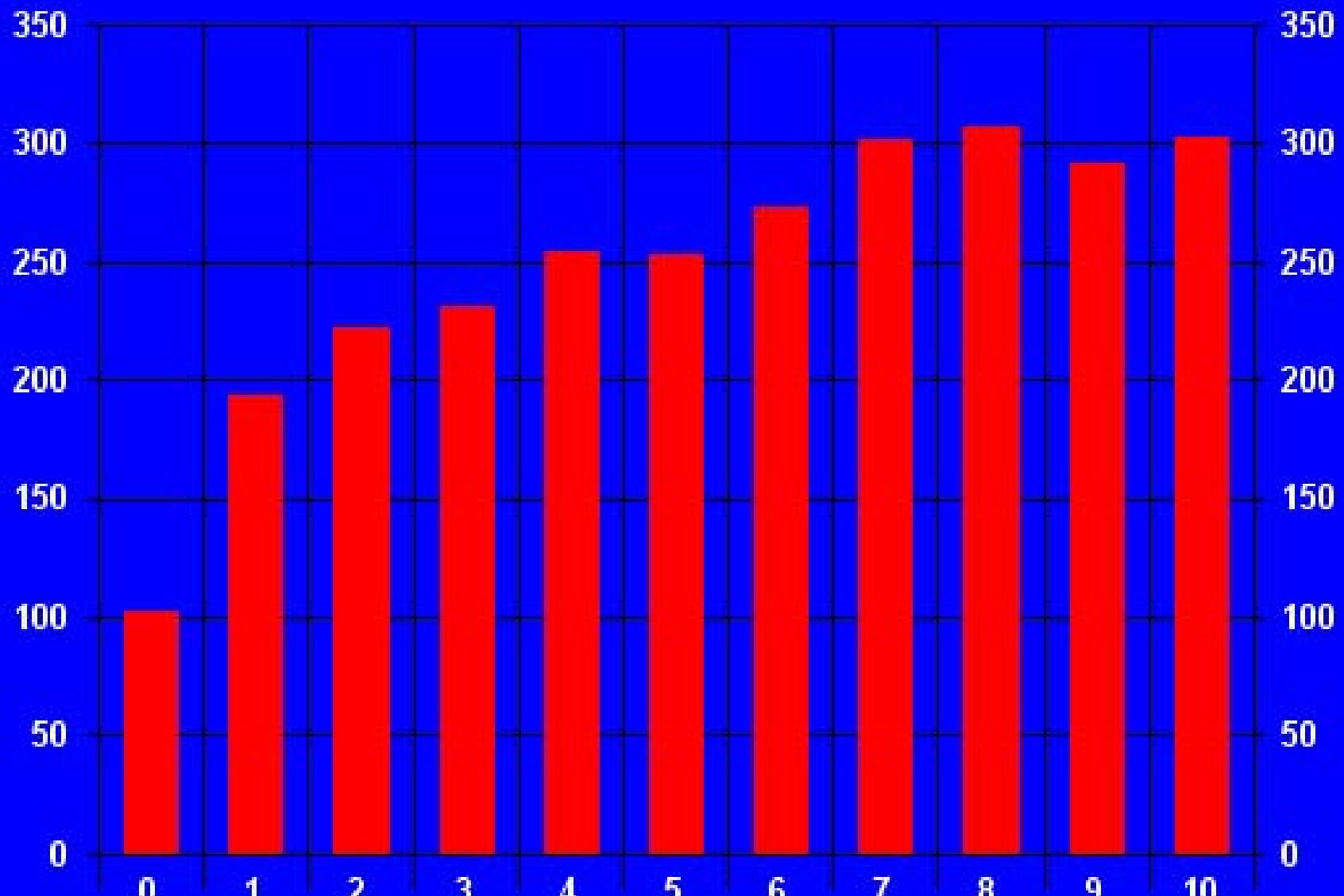


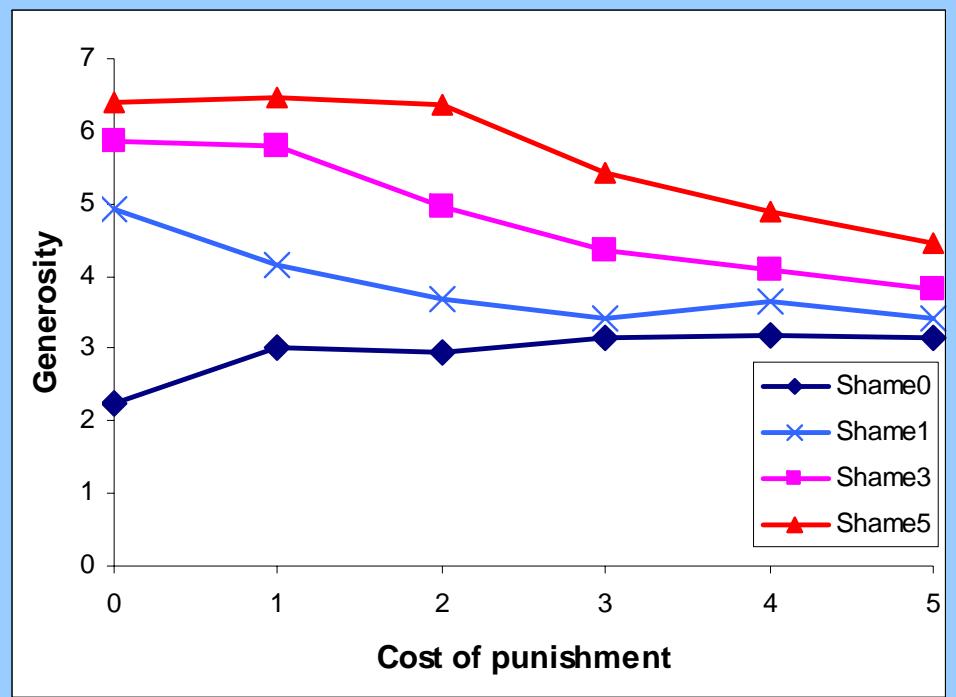
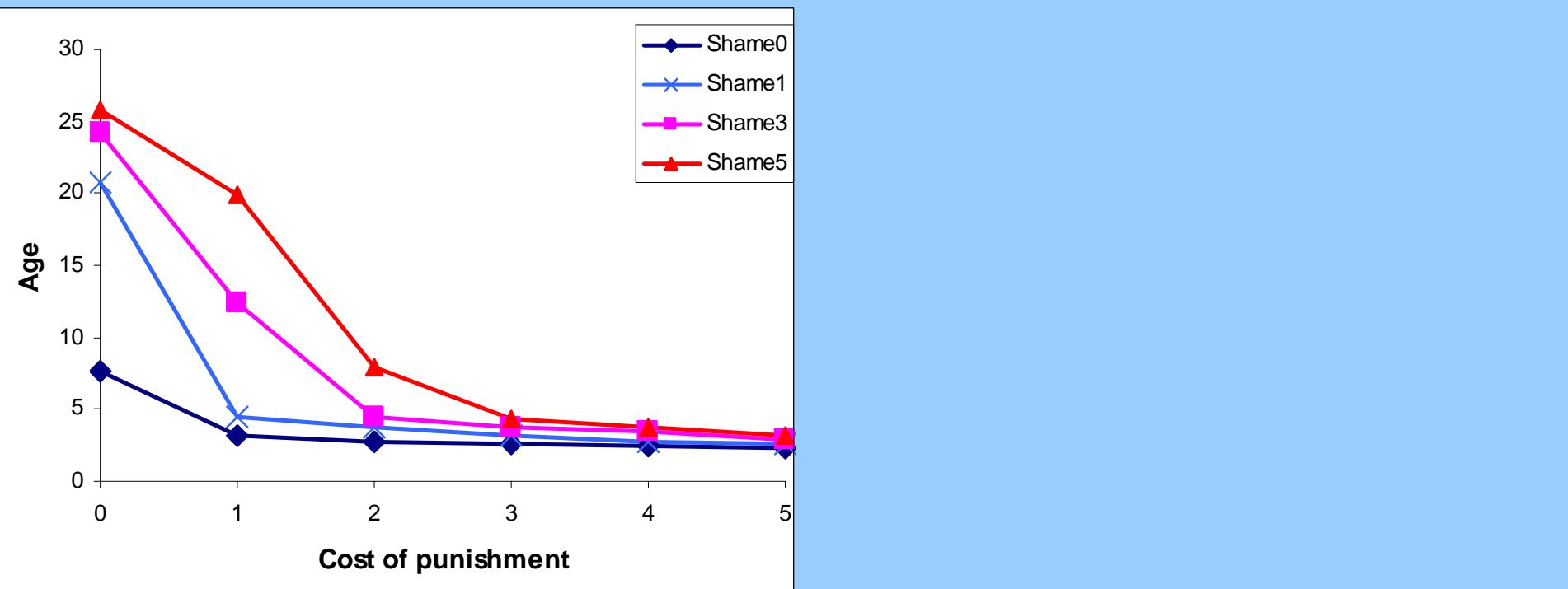


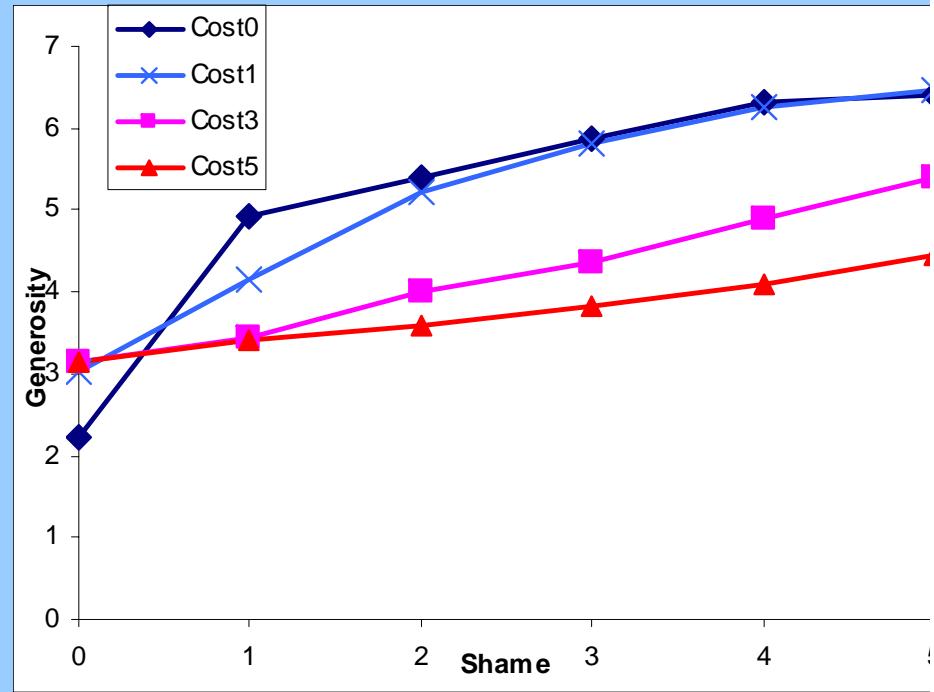
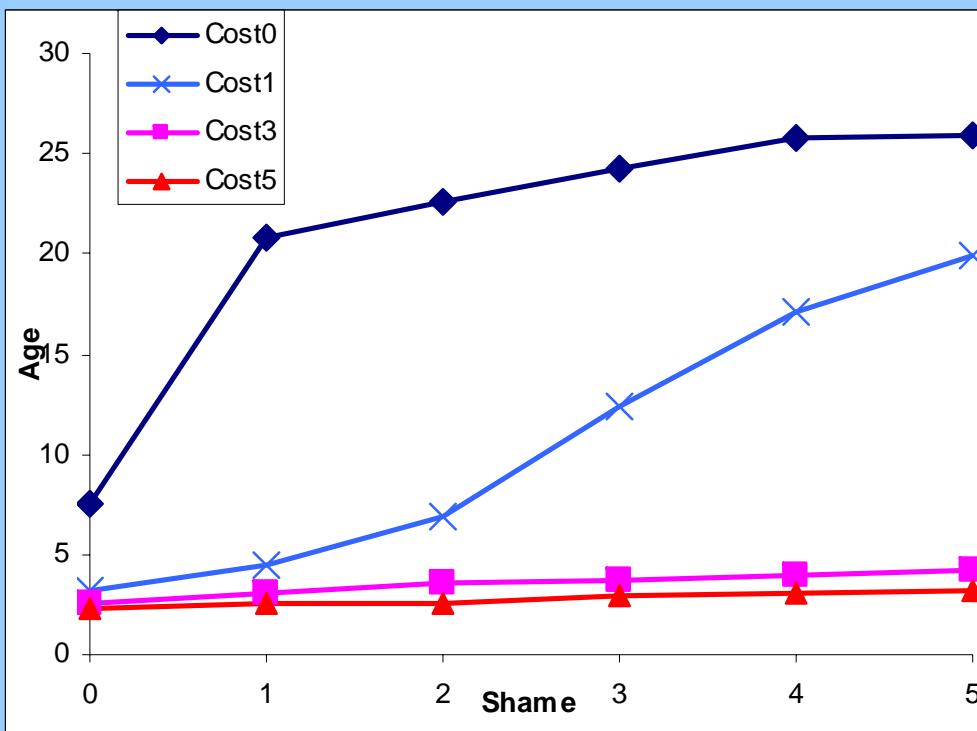
Sociodynamica

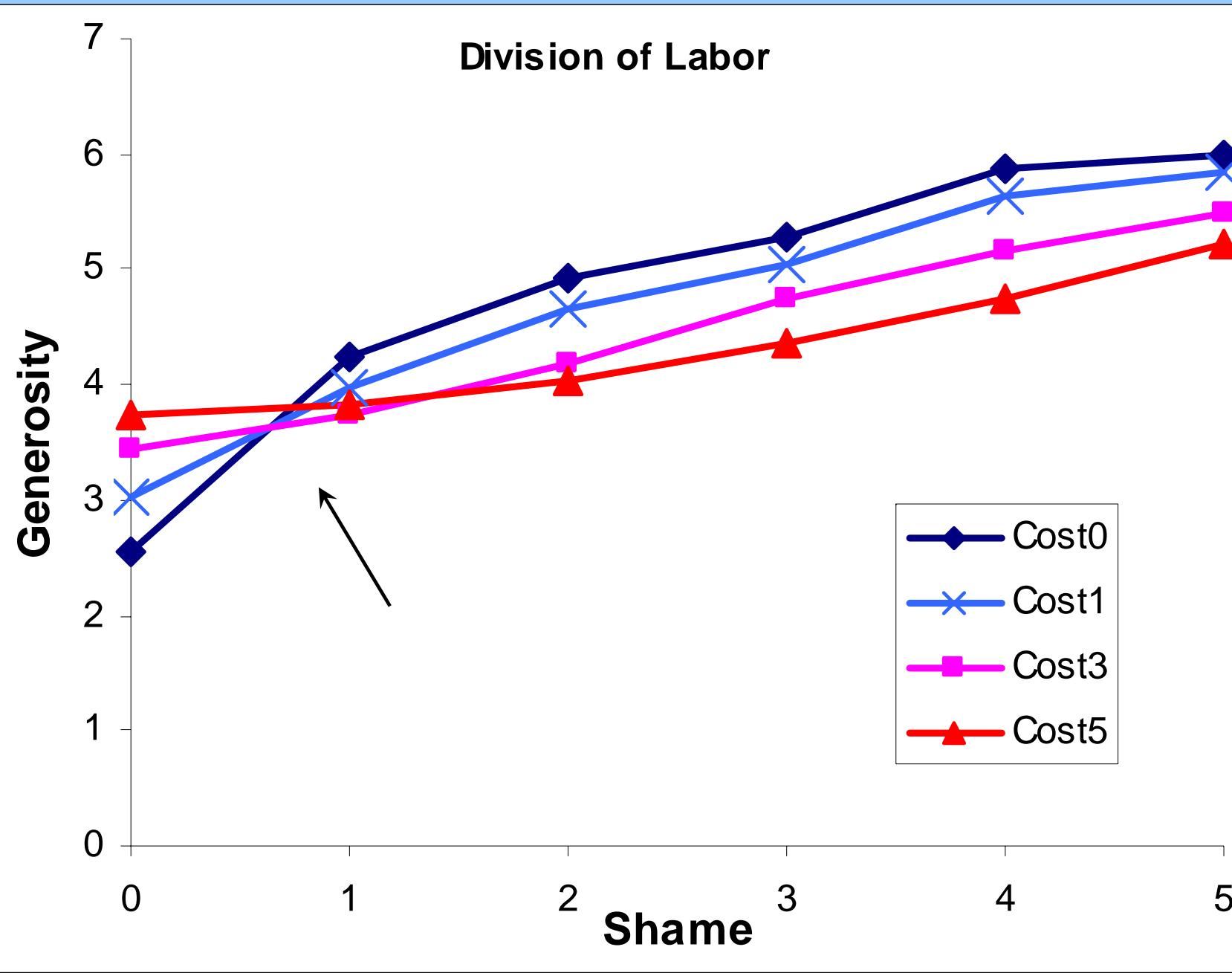
9. Sensitivity to Punishment

Print





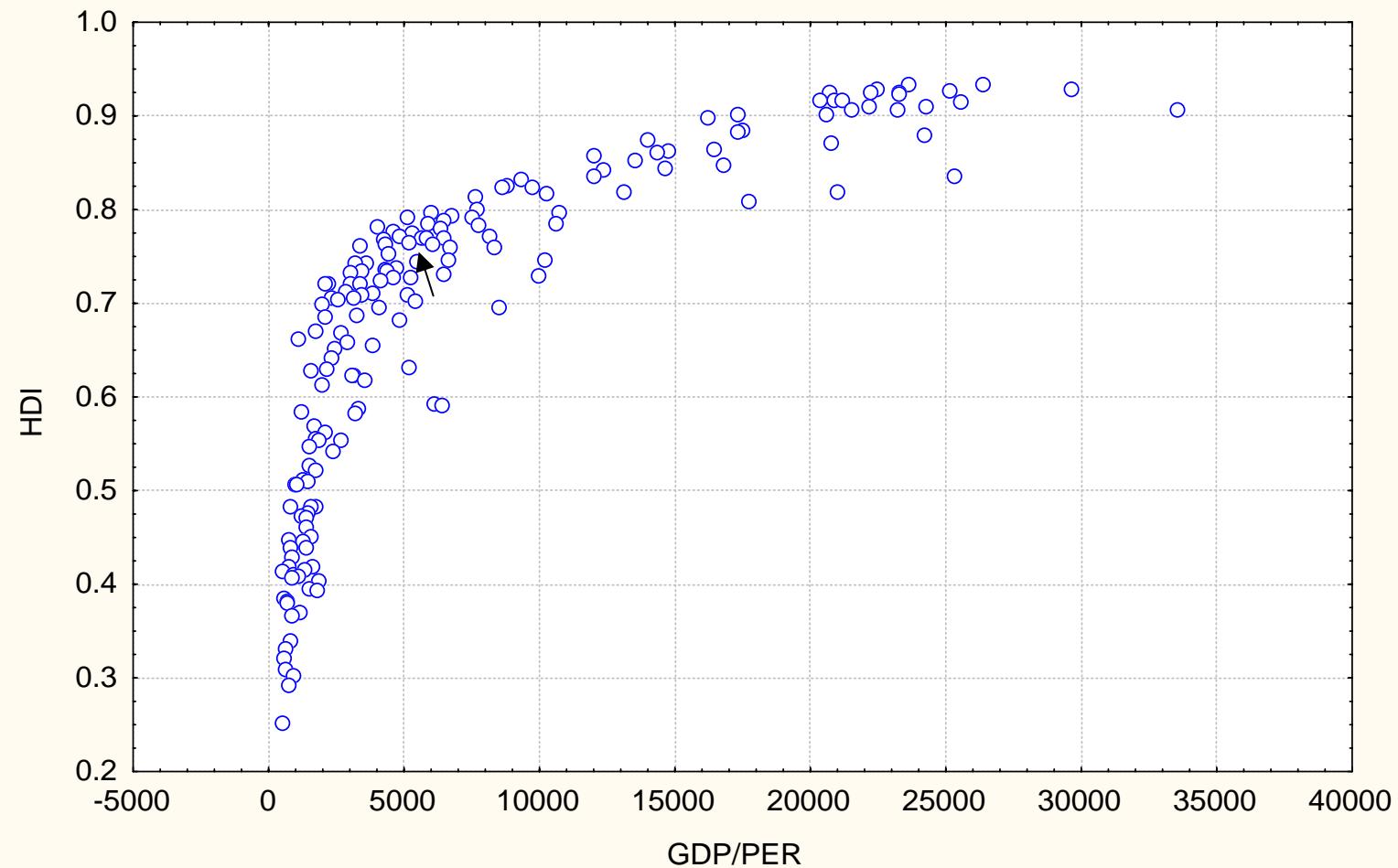






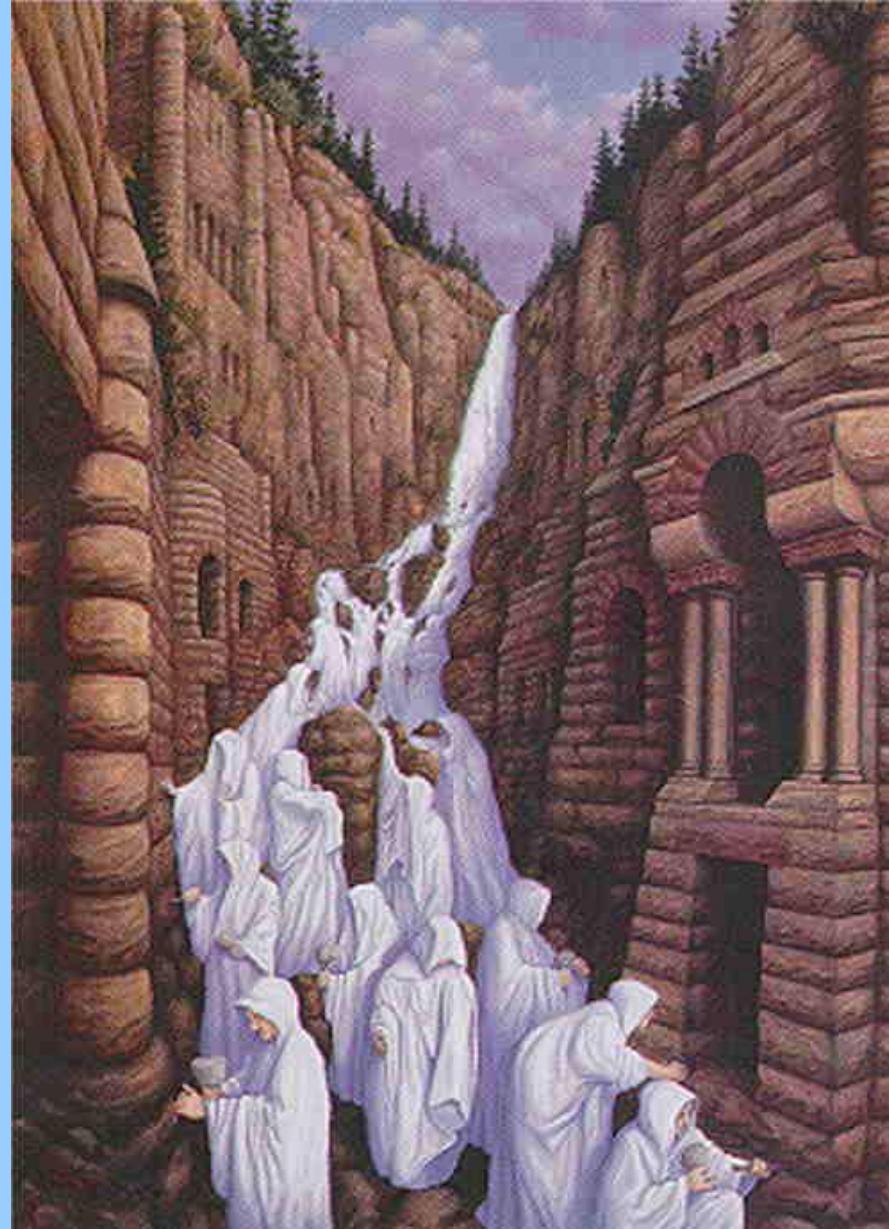
Rob Gonsalves

UNDP Human Development Index



UNDP 2001

Consilience





Thank you for your attention

kjaffe@usb.ve

